

## Patience

Nehemiah Waited On God To Lift His Burden Nehemiah 1:1-2:8

Jerusalem was conquered bv Babylonians in 586 B.C. King Nebuchadnezzar destroyed Jerusalem and the people of Judah were their captives. Daniel and his friends Shadrach, Meshach and Abed-Nego along with many other Hebrews were sent to Babylon to be trained as leaders. King Nebuchadnezzar was Babylon's mightiest ruler. His successors were weak. During Daniels time, King Cyrus of wine was not poisoned. the Persian Empire conquered Babylon. Cyrus was a merciful man who allowed the Hebrew people to return to Jerusalem and rebuild the temple. The successor to the throne after Cyrus was Cambyses and he stopped the work on the temple. Haggai and Zechariah were able to continue work on the temple when Darius I ruler (Ezra became 4:23,24; Approximately 34 years passed and Esther became queen when she married Darius' son Xerxes. When Xerxes died, his son Artaxerxes became ruler. Our story begins here with Nehemiah, a Hebrew who is the cupbearer for Artaxerxes.

### Introduction

Before beginning the lesson, show your class a map of Persia and the Holy Land. Explain how Israel was the land God gave the Jewish people. It was their homeland. Jerusalem is the capital city of Israel and this is where the temple was built.

Next, locate Persia. Persia is a land where many of God's people were taken as captives because they disobeyed the one true God.

## **Progression of Events**

Nehemiah was a problem solver and a man The Southern Kingdom, Judah and the capital who knew God would use his talents to get a the job done. Nehemiah was a cupbearer to the king in Persia. A cupbearer was a palace official who served wine to the king. This was an important position. Only a trusted and loyal person would be chosen for this job. As cupbearer, Nehemiah would stand before the king and drink from the cup first and then hand it to the king. This would ensure the

- When visitors from Israel arrived at Shushan, Nehemiah was pleased to see them. He wanted to hear about how the people in Jerusalem were doing and about how the wall around Jerusalem was progressing. When the city was conquered many years before, those who were left were the poor. They the land for would farm the Babylonians. This was truly a sad end to what was once a great nation under Kings David and Solomon.
- The news Nehemiah received was distressing and made him sad. The people in Jerusalem were having great difficulties and were being mistreated. The wall had not been rebuilt, it was still broken down and the gates had been burned. You may ask yourself, why did God allow this to happen to the Hebrew people? It happened

because the Hebrew people had forsaken God's way. God allowed and used the Babylonians to execute judgment upon the Hebrew people. It was the will of God to displace His people and the Babylonians did just that.

Even though Nehemiah had never been to Jerusalem, when he heard the news, he sat down and wept. He wept because Jerusalem was the Jews' Holy city. For many days he mourned. He fasted and prayed to God. He wanted Jerusalem to be restored. He wanted to remove the shame that had befallen his people and he wanted to bring glory to God and lead his people back to worshipping the one true God. If you read or hear on the news about a tragedy where people are hurt or injured, you should pray for them. God is pleased when you pray for those in need. Look up Proverbs 15:8 and write it on the lines below:

Read 1	<b>Nehemia</b>	ah's p	rayer (	Neher	miah	1:5-
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- Praying for the needs of others is a good thing to do. When you hear of people who have lost everything in a fire, flood, hurricane, etc. you should pray for them. "The sacrifice of the wicked is an abomination to the Lord: but the prayer of the upright is his delight" (Proverbs 15:8). Certainly God was pleased that Nehemiah cared so much for his people.
- One day when Nehemiah was bringing wine to the king, the king asked, "Why is your face sad, since you are not sick? This is nothing but sorrow of heart" (Nehemiah 2:2). Nehemiah was fearful because being sad in the presence of the king could bring death.

## Climax

- Nehemiah knew he had to answer. He says, "May the king live forever!" and continued with, "why wouldn't I be sad when my homeland is in rubble and the gates are burned down?" (Nehemiah 2:3).
- The king then asked, "What do you request?" Nehemiah said a quick prayer before he answered.
- "If it pleases the king, and if your servant has found favor in your sight, I ask that you send me to Judah, to the city of my fathers' tombs, that I may rebuild it" (Nehemiah 2:5).
- The king said, "How long will your journey be? And when will you return?" Imagine the joy Nehemiah must have felt. God had answered his prayers.

### Conclusion

Nehemiah was prepared with an answer, as he had planned how long it would take. He then asked the king to write letters to the rulers in the other countries so he could have safe passage. He asked as well for the king to give him wood from his forest so that he could make the gates for the wall and build himself a home. Nehemiah knew God had given him favor in the eyes of the king and he knew it was God who had caused the king to be willing to do these things. Nehemiah had patiently waited for God to answer his prayer.

### **Patience**

Having patience means one has the ability to suppress frustration in the midst of a difficult situation. It is quiet perseverance, care and submissiveness that God is in control. God has patience with each of us. God will help us endure pain, trouble and wrongdoing that other people bring upon us. "Knowing this, that the trying of your faith worketh patience. But let patience have perfect work, that you may be perfect and entire, wanting nothing" (James 1:3,4).

# **Memory Verse**

"I waited patiently for the LORD; and He inclined to me and heard my cry" (Psalm 40:1).

	wer the following questions:				
1.	What was Nehemiah's job?				
 	Why was Nehemiah concerned about Jerusalem?				
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3.	Why was Nehemiah sad?				
4.	Why did the Hebrew people become captives many years prior to this?				
5.	How did Nehemiah start his prayer?				
6.	How many months did he pray his prayer?				
7.	When the king saw that he was sad, why was Nehemiah fearful?				
8.	Did Nehemiah ever show impatience?				



When Cyprus the Persian captured Babylon 8n 539 B.C., government controls on captive peoples were loosened and the way was opened for exiled Judah to begin the return to her homeland. The ascension and victory of Cyrus fulfilled the prophecy of Isaiah 44:28-45:4. Three major expeditions made the journey: one in 538—537 B.C. under Zerubbabel, the second un Ezra in 458 B.C., and the last under Nehemiah in 444 B.C.

